

TAX THE LUXURIES IS SLOGAN OF THE WESTERN DEMOCRATS

Underwood Holds up Revenue Measure Because of Protest Against the Proposed Freight Tax.

WESTERNERS WANT TO PUT IT ON WHISKEY

Propose Alternative of Dollar a Barrel Tax on Beer and Tax on Automobiles to Make up Total Needed.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Because of a Democratic revolt in the House against the freight tax proposed in the war revenue bill, Democratic Leader Underwood today decided to await the return of President Wilson to the capital before introducing the measure.

A petition was circulated among Democratic members today demanding a caucus next week on the proposed bill. Southern and western Democrats began the caucus petition. The alternative they propose is to increase the tax on beer by \$1 a barrel, which would net \$45,000,000; an increase on whiskey and other distilled liquors and probably a tax on automobiles. The slogan of the fight will be "tax the luxuries, not the necessities."

March led southwest over Bethel, so it presumably occupied a position on the left wing of the left center of the German forces near Paris.

The captured guns and prisoners mentioned in yesterday's headquarters report are presumably the fruit of the success mentioned in the emperor's congratulatory message.

The German counter stroke to the Anglo-French offensive near Paris was delivered by the army of the Crown Prince Frederick William, which charged a fortified French position southwest of Verdun.

This position interposed a barrier between the German and Marne army, the left wing of which extended to Vitry le Francois, and the Crown Prince's forces.

Its occupation enables the closer cooperation of the two sections of the German invading army. The attack on the barrier forts south of Verdun, supported by the German siege artillery, promises, in case of success, a completion of encirclement of Verdun.

An attempt of the garrison to break through the line has been expected for several days. The commander of the second Bavarian army corps, forming a part of the sixth army in Lorraine, has issued an order of the day to the troops, congratulating the thanks of general headquarters to the sixth army for holding out so stiffly, heroically and successfully and thereby preventing the enemy from sending reinforcements northward, and intimating that the time is not ripe for an offensive movement by this army.

The strategy of General von Hindenburg will probably clear the Marne territory for the time being of Russians, whose flood of invasion had swept almost to the gates of Koeningberg.

The Lokai Anstalt assumes that the right wing of the defeated army is not now far from the Koeningberg left in the vicinity of Gumbinnen.

FRENCH PRISONERS SUBSCRIBE TO GERMAN RED CROSS. Copenhagen, via London, Sept. 12 (2:40 a. m.).—A message from Berlin states that French war prisoners at Stuttgart, in gratitude for their excellent treatment, have subscribed to the German Red Cross fund.

The commander in chief, it is said, has decided that the amount subscribed shall be used for the benefit of the French wounded at Stuttgart.

Fred Tenney, the former big league manager, and second baseman, is still playing ball. He is joining the Pittsfield team of Boston. He is composed of college stars, and is considered a powerful aggregation.

S. A. Fullman, the piano tuner, is in the city. Phone 387.

Just Received A new shipment of pillows of a special down and pure feathers. They are perfectly sanitary and made especially for Strong Bros. Prices from \$1.50 to \$4.50. The best in town for the money.

Strong Bros. END AND COPPER

HEBERTSHOEHE IS OCCUPIED BY ENGLISH

Fleet Under Sir George Patey Makes Inroad Into German Possessions East of Solomon Islands.

London, Sept. 12 (2:50 p. m.).—The admiralty announced this afternoon that the British fleet has occupied Hebertshoehe, on Bouche Bay, the west of government of the German Bismarck archipelago and the Solomon Islands.

The Bismarck archipelago, with an area of 15,000 square miles and a population of 200,000 is off the north coast of Australia and southeast of the Philippine Islands. The group was assigned to the German sphere of influence by an agreement with Great Britain in 1882. German New Guinea is included in the jurisdiction.

Melbourne, Australia (via London, Sept. 12, 12:25 p. m.).—The British expeditionary force which occupied Hebertshoehe, plans to attack Simpsonshaven tomorrow.

London, Sept. 12 (2:42 p. m.).—The official press bureau gave out the following statement this afternoon: "A telegram has been received from Rear Admiral Sir George E. Patey, commanding the Australian navy, announcing the occupation at 7 a. m. September 11, of the town of Hebertshoehe on the island of New Pomern (late New Britain)."

"The British flag was hoisted without opposition. "A navy landing party under Commander J. A. Beaufort of the Australian navy established themselves on shore at dawn without the knowledge of the enemy, but stout resistance was offered while the force was destroying the wireless telegraph apparatus and the landing party had to force its way for a distance of four miles through the bush—the road in several places being mined.

"The German officer in command of the garrison in the trench 500 yards from the station surrendered unconditionally. "Guns have been landed and steps have been taken to capture the station.

"The casualties are: Killed, Lieutenant Commander Charles B. B. Well and two seamen of the Australian Royal Reserve; wounded, ten seamen. "The German casualties are not known, but two German officers, five non-commissioned officers and thirteen native policemen were taken prisoners.

UNITED STATES TO JOIN POWERS IN PROTEST

Understood Probable Washington Government will Take Firm Stand on Abrogation of Extra Territorial Rights.

Constantinople (via London, 12:45 p. m., Sept. 12).—The ambassadors of most of the great powers have presented an identical note to the Turkish grand vizier, protesting against the decree issued by the Porte recently, under the terms of which the treaty rights accorded foreigners are abolished.

UNITED STATES WILL JOIN POWERS IN PROTEST. Washington, Sept. 12.—The United States probably will join the protest of the powers against Turkey's abrogation of the capitulations which granted foreigners extra-territorial rights and otherwise recognized the superiority of the Ottoman empire.

A definite record of action has not finally been decided upon by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan.

The disposition of the Washington government was to await the initiative of the European powers.

The view that the American government would protest against the abrogation of extra-territorial rights was advanced by officials who said the reasons would be two-fold: First, Americans had invested considerable sums in Turkey because of the special privileges and protection afforded them under the capitulations; and second, because the removal of the extra-territorial rights might lessen the personal security of American missionaries.

Ambassador Morgenthau called the State department today that the European powers had protested against the abrogation, but that as he was without instructions he did not join in the action. Officials here said the protest was a mild one and some observers in Constantinople took upon it as hardly strong enough to make any impression on the Porte.

Lois Boone, the second sacker of the Highlanders, is a real joy to Manager Chance. He has a real second-sacker in the youngster, and if there is anything in this wide, wide world that Frank Chance desires, it is a fast and accurate second-sacker. Chance used to play first, you know, but he always wanted to play second. He thinks second base is the most responsible position on the whole ball team, and he is only satisfied with a crackerjack. In Boone he feels he has the right man for the right place.

EIGHT MILLION PEOPLE FACE STARVATION IN CHINA

Desperate Situation Reported as Result of Floods in Which 3,000 Lives and 100,000 Homes Were Lost.

ONLY OUTSIDE AID CAN AVERT AWFUL DEATH

"Loss of Life May Never be Known" Says U. S. Consul Cheshire, "But Suffering Caused is Appalling."

Washington, Sept. 21.—Twelve months famine which only outside aid can avert faces the Kwang Tung and Kwang provinces of China, which were devastated by floods in July with a loss of 3,000 lives and more than one hundred thousand homes.

Consul General Cheshire reported today from Canton that more than eight million people suffered losses and many millions would need food until the next harvest.

"In many places, whole villages have been blotted out, inhabitants and all," says the report. "The loss of life may never be known, but the suffering caused is appalling. The West river still, at the end of July, is very high, the fields and lands are under several feet of water. Banks require rebuilding, houses, re-erecting, fields to be pumped dry for planting. Taxes are remitted and other government aid is given, but even thus the people have lost all, stand helpless.

"At first we hoped the water might recede more rapidly and the fields be available for the second planting. This now appears to be impossible. In such event the people face a ten or twelve-month famine.

"This is only the beginning. What the near future has in store only God knows. Help is needed now. Delay cannot be long if these people are to be saved."

MAY ADD POLO TO ATTRACTIONS OF STATE FAIR

Member of Commission Thinks Tournament Would Draw 500 to 1,500 People Who Otherwise Wouldn't Attend.

The state fair commission visited the fair grounds this afternoon to look over the plan and decide upon the location for the various departments.

The commission met in the office of Secretary Tom Hinkert this afternoon. One new project came out of the session. It was decided that a polo tournament would be a strong drawing card, and Secretary Hinkert set to work as soon as the session ended to lay lines for a tourney.

Inquiries were telegraphed to several army posts in the west and southwest, and if enough teams can be secured to fill out a tourney card, the fair crowds will see thrilling polo games.

One member of the commission said he feared, after somewhat close investigation of the prospects, that from 500 to 1,500 people would be drawn to the fair by polo who otherwise wouldn't attend.

JOHNNY CONWAY HAS COLLISION WITH A MOUNTED GERMAN

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 12.—County School Superintendent John Conway was the victim of a collision with a mounted German this afternoon which came near being disastrous for the educator. He was riding on Galisteo street on his bicycle when he was sideswiped by a man named Baumgartner, who was riding a motorcycle. The heavier machine upset; Conway's trail car and the educator landed on his head, being rendered unconscious. Raymond Stamm of Albuquerque, who happened along in a motor truck, rendered first aid; loaded the wounded man on the truck and hastened to a physician's office near Galisteo. Excitement for a time was tense. The injury is not serious.

He Knew. The Sunday school teacher was talking to her pupils on patience. She explained her topic carefully, and, as an aid to understanding, she gave each pupil a card bearing a picture of a boy fishing. "Have patience," she said, "requires the exercise of patience. See the boy fishing; he must sit and wait and wait. He must be patient."

These are Present Prices on Fall Dress Goods. For the new week we will place on sale a large assortment of Fall Dress Goods including Serges, Broadcloth, Gabadines, Poplins, Roman Stripes, Plaids, Brocades, Eponge, etc. at Extraordinary Prices. Lot 1. worth to \$1.00, special . . . 49c. Lot 2. worth to \$1.50, special . . . 99c. Lot 3. worth to \$2.00, special . . . \$1.19. Lot 4. worth to \$2.50, special . . . 1.69. Lot 5. worth to \$3.50, special . . . 2.19. Lot 6. worth to 4.50, special . . . 2.98. ONE WEEK ONLY

Where Quality Meets Price Rosenwald's Where Quality Meets Price

DESIGNS BY NATIVE NEW MEXICANS IN FIRST SILKS

Aztec and Pueblo Patterns Used in Manufacture of First All-American Silks Now Being Shown in National Museum.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.—In keeping with the motto, "See America First," the United States National Museum in Washington is exhibiting some novel designs in silk dress goods, which are truly American, being inspired by early American history, and manufactured by an American firm for American women.

Months ago when the war-clouds first began piling over Mexico, and before the present European conflict threatened to force Americans to originate their own designs for fabrics and costumes, officials were set to work to adapt for present day use, the designs and symbols left by the Aztecs and other early Indian peoples.

Much material for designs pertaining to this early period of American history was available; buildings, temples, monuments, pottery, baskets and blankets are covered with picture-settings which form particularly charming and artistic designs. Not only the designs proper were adaptable, but the colors as well, a fact which has materially assisted in the creation of these new American fashion designs.

The textile division of the National museum has just installed a series of pure dye tafetta silks, contributed by the manufacturers, which show the reproduction of these ancient Mexican designs printed on soft clinging fabric.

The designs comprise: the Aztec moon in rainbow tones on blue and white; the Aztec armadillo and arrow pattern in colors on peach-colored; Korte's—an Aztec hieroglyph—on dark green and satin-striped white tafetta; the Aztec coat-of-arms on navy blue; and an all-over design of Mexican feathers in shades of blue,

green, and brown. Other designs are reminders of the Pueblo Indians, one consisting of a rattlesnake symbol printed on Indian red, while another resembles a Navajo rug in which zig-zag stripes and a diamond arrangement of flowers appear.

The incorporation of the symbolism to be seen on these printed silks recalls a people old in art in design, even before the coming of the white man to America. It is interesting to realize the modern practical use to which these ancient designs have been put, and at the same time to study their historical meaning.

TODAY'S GAMES. NATIONAL LEAGUE. Chicago, 4; Pittsburgh, 5. R. H. E. Chicago . . . 000 000 004—4 11 2. Pittsburgh . . . 004 000 015—5 3 2. Batteries: Lavender, Hagerman and Archer; Adams and Coleman.

New York, 9; Philadelphia, 1. First game: R. H. E. New York . . . 000 000 000—0 4 1. Philadelphia . . . 000 010 001—1 7 1. Batteries: Marquard, O'Toole and Meyers; Alexander and Killifer.

Second game: R. H. E. New York . . . 210 210 110—3 12 0. Philadelphia . . . 500 000 000—0 2 2. Batteries: Fromms and McLean; Mayer, Marshall and Killifer; E. Burns.

AMERICAN LEAGUE. Philadelphia, 1; New York, 2. R. H. E. Philadelphia . . . 000 000 001—1 11 0. New York . . . 000 000 011—2 5 2. Batteries: Bender and Schanz; Keating and Sweeney.

Wet Grounds. Boston-Washington game postponed; wet grounds.

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(Continued from Page One.)

of Paris; Braine is 3 miles east of Soudun; Flines is 7 miles from Braine in an easterly direction, and the mountain of Reims is 20 miles southeast of Flines and 8 miles south of the city of Reims.

Reims is 15 miles to the east of Vitry-le-Francois and Reims is 5 miles east of Reims.

The forest of Bohouze is roughly speaking, 10 miles east of the Argonne region and also 10 miles north of Reims.

GENERAL GERMAN RETREAT IN FRENCH REPORT. Washington, Sept. 12.—The following dispatch from Bordeaux, dated yesterday, was received today at the French embassy:

"The French general staff made known today that the first German army continues its retirement. Three of its army corps were recalled last night between Villeret, Coleretz and Soissons. We have in four days gained from sixty to seventy-five kilometers.

"In the second army, the tenth corps and the guards, driven back to the Saint Gond swamps, are also withdrawing.

"In the Champagne the third German army is also retreating. The German center is thus at last giving ground.

"After a hard fight in the region between Seannoe and Vitry in the Argonne the fourth German army has been pushed back to the north of the Trois Fontaines forests.

"A fifth German army, after attempting a very serious effort on our right wing, was thrown back. Our troops occupy Vassincourt.

"The general situation has thus been modified to our advantage during these last days.

"On the other side the Austrian army attacked near Tomaszow was forced to a disastrous retreat. The whole army has been pushed back to the west of Rawaruska and the Balaster river. The Russians have seized Grodek."

Amsterdam says: "According to a Ghent dispatch, the Belgian government, having opposed the delivery of the army necessities requisitioned by the Germans, the Belgian forces has again occupied Ghent. The necessities, which had already been prepared, were not delivered."

GERMAN GASOLINE STOCK SAID TO BE EXHAUSTED. London, Sept. 12 (2:30 a. m.).—A dispatch from Bordeaux to Reuters' Telegram company says that the stock of gasoline in Germany is becoming exhausted and adds that, as the German army depends largely on its motor transport for supplies of all sorts, this greatly aggravates the situation.

CITIZENS NOT PERMITTED TO PASS BEYOND LIEGE. Rotterdam, Sept. 11 (via London, Sept. 12 2:25 a. m.).—The Nieuwe Rotterdamse Courant is informed by a native of Rotterdam that while endeavoring to reach Namur Thursday he was not permitted to pass beyond Liege.

PETROGRAD DISPATCH CONFIRMS AUSTRIAN DISASTER. Paris, Sept. 12 (2:30 p. m.).—A Havas agency dispatch from Petrograd says yesterday's news of the defeat of the Austrian left wing near Tomaszow, is confirmed.

The Austrians were surrounded in a triangle formed by the Vistula river and a tributary, San, and the wing was crushed before the arrival of the Germans who came by forced marches to the aid of the Austrians.

Inadequate bridges delayed the Germans and made the defeat of their allies inevitable.

The Russians followed up this victory by pursuing the retreating Austrians 20 miles and taking up positions in the fortified localities of Opole and Tournine. The Russians suffered heavy casualties in taking Tomaszow.

The Germans hove heavily when they were repulsed in the vicinity of Myslinic and Chorsak in Russian Poland on the frontier of Prussia.

RUSSIANS FIND PLAN OF PROPOSED GERMAN CAMPAIGN. Petrograd, (via London, Sept. 12 (12:25 p. m.).—A detailed plan of the proposed march of Austro-german armies through Russia to Perm, on the extreme border of European Russia and about 700 miles east of Petrograd, has been found on the body of a commander of Austrian cavalry, who was killed at Grodek in Galicia. In this light three Cosack regiments completely overwhelmed five Hungarian regiments of cavalry. Two of these Hungarian organizations were virtually wiped out, only thirty men surviving.

Mack's information bureau is hard at work gathering statistics on the peculiarities of Brave, Cardinal and Cub batsmen. The dope is being gathered against the world series. It isn't considered necessary to study the stats, because the Mackmen know the McGraws like a book. Let the Herald want to do your work.